

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG
Annual Report and Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

KSI Faulkner Orr
10 Lower Mount Street
Dublin 2
Ireland

Company Number: 118443

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**Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG
DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION**

Directors	Lynda Byron Brendan Quinn Eoin Brereton John Murray Deaglan O' Drisceoil Ronan Shaw James O'Connor Colette Lawlor Susan Honan (Appointed 30 May 2022) Heather Wilson (Appointed 30 May 2022) Marcus McInerney (Appointed 10 January 2022)
Company Secretary	Aisling Hoey
Company Number	118443
Registered Office and Business Address	Irish Sports HQ Sport Ireland Campus Blanchardstown Dublin 15
Auditors	KSI Faulkner Orr 10 Lower Mount Street Dublin 2 Ireland
Bankers	Ulster Bank Dundrum Dublin 14 Allied Irish Bank Westend Retail Park Blanchardstown Dublin 15
Solicitors	Philip Lee Solicitors 7/8 Wilton Terrace Dublin 2

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG

DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

Principal Activity and Review of the Business

The principal activity of the company is to develop and promote canoeing as a competitive sport and recreational activity.

The Company is limited by guarantee not having a share capital.

There has been no significant change in these activities during the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

Financial Results

The surplus for the financial year after providing for depreciation amounted to €6,732 (2021 - €58,387).

At the end of the financial year, the company has assets of €947,339 (2021 - €885,730) and liabilities of €686,983 (2021 - €632,106). The net assets of the company have increased by €6,732.

Directors and Secretary

The directors who served throughout the financial year, except as noted, were as follows:

Lynda Byron
Brendan Quinn
Eoin Brereton
John Murray
Deaglan O' Drisceoil
Ronan Shaw
James O'Connor
Colette Lawlor
Susan Honan (Appointed 30 May 2022)
Heather Wilson (Appointed 30 May 2022)
Marcus McInerney (Appointed 10 January 2022)

The secretary who served throughout the financial year was Aisling Hoey.

Post Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

Auditors

The auditors, KSI Faulkner Orr have indicated their willingness to continue in office in accordance with the provisions of section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014.

Statement on Relevant Audit Information

In accordance with section 330 of the Companies Act 2014, so far as each of the persons who are directors at the time this report is approved are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the statutory auditors are unaware. The directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and they have established that the statutory auditors are aware of that information.

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG
DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

Accounting Records

To ensure that adequate accounting records are kept in accordance with sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014, the directors have employed appropriately qualified accounting personnel and have maintained appropriate computerised accounting systems. The accounting records are located at the company's office at Irish Sports HQ, National Sports Campus, Blanchardstown, Dublin 15.

Signed on behalf of the board



Lynda Byron
Director



Marcus McInerney
Director

Date: 24th April 2023

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the surplus or deficit of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of Information to Auditor

Each persons who are directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- there is no relevant audit information (information needed by the company's auditor in connection with preparing the auditor's report) of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Signed on behalf of the board



Lynda Byron
Director



Marcus McInerney
Director

Date: 24th April 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Members of Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG ('the company') for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the Income and Expenditure Account, the Balance Sheet, the Reconciliation of Members' Funds, the Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued in the United Kingdom by the Financial Reporting Council.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 December 2022 and of its surplus for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and the Provisions Available for Audits of Small Entities, in the circumstances set out in note 4 to the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Members of Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the requirements of any of sections 305 to 312 of the Act, which relate to disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions are not complied with by the Company. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, if applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is contained in the appendix to this report, located at page 9, which is to be read as an integral part of our report.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume any responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Emma Delaney
for and on behalf of
KSI FAULKNER ORR
10 Lower Mount Street
Dublin 2
Ireland

Date: 24 April 2023

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG APPENDIX TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Further information regarding the scope of our responsibilities as auditor

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG
INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 €	2021 €
Income		1,340,963	970,244
Expenditure		<u>(1,334,231)</u>	<u>(911,857)</u>
Surplus for the financial year		<u>6,732</u>	<u>58,387</u>
Total comprehensive income		<u><u>6,732</u></u>	<u><u>58,387</u></u>


Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG
BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 December 2022


	Notes	2022 €	2021 €
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	11	<u>222,393</u>	<u>172,926</u>
Current Assets			
Debtors	12	250,441	465,310
Cash and cash equivalents		<u>474,505</u>	<u>247,494</u>
		<u>724,946</u>	<u>712,804</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	<u>(686,983)</u>	<u>(632,106)</u>
Net Current Assets		<u>37,963</u>	<u>80,698</u>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		<u>260,356</u>	<u>253,624</u>
Reserves			
Income and expenditure account		<u>260,356</u>	<u>253,624</u>
Equity attributable to owners of the company		<u>260,356</u>	<u>253,624</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 24th April 2023 and signed on its behalf by:



 Lynda Byron
 Director



 Marcus McInerney
 Director

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG
RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' FUNDS

as at 31 December 2022

	Retained surplus	Total
	€	€
At 1 January 2021	195,237	195,237
Surplus for the financial year	<u>58,387</u>	<u>58,387</u>
At 31 December 2021	<u>253,624</u>	<u>253,624</u>
Surplus for the financial year	<u>6,732</u>	<u>6,732</u>
At 31 December 2022	<u><u>260,356</u></u>	<u><u>260,356</u></u>

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG**CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 €	2021 €
Cash flows from operating activities			
Surplus for the financial year		6,732	58,387
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation		61,715	35,003
		<u>68,447</u>	<u>93,390</u>
Movements in working capital:			
Movement in debtors		214,869	(443,502)
Movement in creditors		54,877	320,639
		<u>338,193</u>	<u>(29,473)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments to acquire tangible assets		(111,182)	(20,737)
		<u>227,011</u>	<u>(50,210)</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		227,011	(50,210)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		247,494	297,704
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	19	<u>474,505</u>	<u>247,494</u>

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

1. General Information

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG is a company limited by guarantee incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. The registered office of the company is Irish Sports HQ, Sport Ireland Campus, Blanchardstown, Dublin 15 which is also the principal place of activity of the company. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2022 have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102).

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014.

Income

Income represents the total government grants, membership fees, sponsorships and training courses income related to the year. Grant income is recognised on the accruals basis. Income from membership fees, sponsorships and training courses is recognised on a cash receipts basis.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accruals model and the performance model.

Under the accruals model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Grants relating to assets are recognised as income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of the grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised as income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised as income only when the performance related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Land and buildings freehold	-	1.86% Straight line
Canoe Equipment	-	33.33% Straight line
Office equipment	-	25% Straight line
Motor vehicles	-	20% Straight line
Sluice	-	10% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

Taxation

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG has been granted tax exemption status from the Revenue Commissioners. Tax exemption is granted under Section 235 of the Taxes Consolidation Act, 1997. Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG is fully tax compliant.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Income and Expenditure Account.

3. Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

Judgements and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experiences and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Establishing lives for depreciation purposes of Canoe Equipment

Long-lived assets, consisting primarily of Canoe Equipment, comprise a significant portion of the total assets. The annual depreciation charge depends primarily on the estimated lives of each type of asset and estimates of residual values. The directors regularly review these asset lives and change them as necessary to reflect current thinking on remaining lives in light of prospective economic utilisation and physical condition of the assets concerned. Changes in asset lives can have a significant impact on depreciation and amortisation charges for the period. Detail of the useful lives is included in the accounting policies.

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

4. Provisions Available for Audits of Small Entities

In common with many other businesses of our size and nature, we use our auditors to assist with the preparation of the financial statements.

5. Operating surplus	2022	2021
	€	€
Operating surplus is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of tangible assets	61,715	35,003
	<u>61,715</u>	<u>35,003</u>
 6. Income	 2022	 2021
	€	€
Membership Fees	112,812	113,170
Sponsorships	17,275	50,000
Project Income	15,881	3,432
Training Courses and Miscellaneous Income	121,294	112,345
Liffey Descent Income	-	13,515
Discipline Income	15,926	13,540
Covid 19 Subsidies	-	81,913
Event Income	31,492	-
Grants	1,026,283	582,329
	<u>1,340,963</u>	<u>970,244</u>

7. Grants	2022	2021
	€	€
Sport Ireland - Core Grant	310,000	275,000
Sport Ireland – High Performance Grant	216,667	70,600
Sport Ireland – Dormant Accounts Funding	134,078	59,463
Sport Ireland – Women in Sports Grant	64,428	49,299
Deferred Capital Grant released	43,617	13,302
Sport Ireland – Resumption of Sport & Physical Activity	156,558	-
Sport Ireland – Tokyo Support Grant	-	10,600
Sport Ireland – European Week of Sport	20,000	20,000
Sport Ireland – Special Projects Grant	6,567	33,433
Olympic Federation of Ireland	7,000	-
Sport Ireland – Corporate Governance Grant	5,000	10,000
Sport Ireland – Impact Funding Grant	39,868	22,632
Sport Ireland – Club Resilience Fund	-	18,000
Sport Ireland – HP Carding Grant	20,000	-
Sport Ireland – Energy Support Grant	2,500	-
	<u>1,026,283</u>	<u>582,329</u>

8. Employees

The average number of staff employed during the financial year was as follows:

	2022	2021
	Number	Number
Number of employees	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

continued

9. Staff costs

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the financial year were:

	2022	2021
	€	€
Wages and salaries	447,522	390,235
Social insurance costs	47,916	22,415
Staff defined contribution pension costs	12,181	8,635
	<u>507,619</u>	<u>421,285</u>

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

11. Tangible assets

	Land and buildings freehold €	Canoe Equipment €	Office equipment €	Motor vehicles €	Sluice €	Total €
Cost						
At 1 January 2022	150,000	356,397	77,063	13,000	80,523	676,983
Additions	-	105,000	6,182	-	-	111,182
At 31 December 2022	150,000	461,397	83,245	13,000	80,523	788,165
Depreciation						
At 1 January 2022	22,320	340,046	68,994	13,000	59,697	504,057
Charge for the financial year	2,790	45,810	5,063	-	8,052	61,715
At 31 December 2022	25,110	385,856	74,057	13,000	67,749	565,772
Net book value						
At 31 December 2022	124,890	75,541	9,188	-	12,774	222,393
At 31 December 2021	127,680	16,351	8,069	-	20,826	172,926

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

12. Debtors	2022 €	2021 €
Trade debtors	16,379	28,835
Other debtors	1,250	1,084
Taxation	-	558
Prepayments	182,744	222,082
Accrued income	50,068	212,751
	<u>250,441</u>	<u>465,310</u>

13. Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	2022 €	2021 €
Trade creditors	50,553	28,629
Taxation	13,299	11,425
Other creditors	3,263	3,571
Accruals	28,189	4,688
Deferred Income	591,679	583,793
	<u>686,983</u>	<u>632,106</u>

14. Income	2022 €	2021 €
Membership fees	112,812	113,170
Project Income	15,881	3,432
Training courses and miscellaneous income	121,294	112,345
Liffey Descent Income	-	13,515
Discipline income	15,926	13,540
Covid 19 Subsidies	-	81,913
Sponsorship	17,275	50,000
Event Income	31,492	-
Grants	1,026,283	582,329
	<u>1,340,963</u>	<u>970,244</u>

15. Grants Received

Grantor	Sport Ireland
Sponsoring Government Department	Department of Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport & Media
Grant Programme	Core Grant
Total Grant	€310,000
Term	1st January 2022 - 31st December 2022
Reflected in 2022	€310,000
Deferred Grant Income	€0
Capital Grant	No

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

Grantor	Sport Ireland
Sponsoring Government Department	Department of Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport & Media
Grant Programme	High Impact Funding
Total Grant	€25,000
Term	1st January 2022 - 31st December 2022
Grant b/f from 2021	€14,868
Reflected in 2022	€39,868
Deferred Grant Income	€0
Capital Grant	No
Grantor	Sport Ireland
Sponsoring Government Department	Department of Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport & Media
Grant Programme	Dormant Account Income
Total Grant	€101,708
Term	1st January 2022 - 31st December 2022
Grant b/f from 2021	€185,772
Reflected in 2022	€134,078
Deferred Grant Income	€153,402
Capital Grant	No
Grantor	Sport Ireland
Sponsoring Government Department	Department of Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport & Media
Grant Programme	Women in Sport
Total Grant	€52,500
Term	1st January 2022- 31st December 2022
Grant b/f from 2021	€11,928
Reflected in 2022	€64,428
Deferred Grant Income	€0
Capital Grant	No

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

continued

Grantor	Sport Ireland
Sponsoring Government Department	European Commission
Grant Programme	European Week of Sport
Total Grant	€20,000
Term	1st January 2022 - 31st December 2022
Reflected in 2022	€20,000
Deferred Grant Income	€0
Capital Grant	No
Grantor	Sport Ireland
Sponsoring Government Department	Department of Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport & Media
Grant Programme	Covid Supports Resumption of Sport & Physical Activity
Total Grant	€130,000
Term	1st January 2022 - 31st December 2022
Grant b/f from 2021	€100,000
Reflected in 2022	€156,558
Deferred Grant Income	€73,442
Capital Grant	No
Grantor	Sport Ireland
Sponsoring Government Department	Department of Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport & Media
Grant Programme	High Performance
Total Grant	€216,667
Term	1st January 2022 - 31st December 2022
Reflected in 2022	€216,667
Deferred Grant Income	€0
Capital Grant	No

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

Grantor	Sport Ireland
Sponsoring Government Department	Department of Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport & Media
Grant Programme	Covid Supplementary Special Projects
Total Received	€13,500
Term	1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022
Grant b/f from 2021	€6,567
Reflected in 2022	€6,567
Deferred Grant Income	€13,500
Capital Grant	No
Grantor	Sport Ireland
Sponsoring Government Department	Department of Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport & Media
Grant Programme	Corporate Governance Grant
Total Received	€5,000
Term	1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022
Reflected in 2022	€5,000
Deferred Grant Income	€0
Capital Grant	No
Grantor	Sport Ireland
Sponsoring Government Department	Department of Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport & Media
Grant Programme	Energy Support Grant
Total Grant	€13,000
Term	1 January 2022- 31 December 2022
Reflected in 2022	€2,500
Deferred Grant Income	€10,500
Capital Grant	No
Grantor	Sport Ireland
Sponsoring Government Department	Department of Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport & Media
Grant Programme	HP Carding Grant
Total Received	€20,000
Term	1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022
Reflected in 2022	€20,000
Deferred Grant Income	€0
Capital Grant	No

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

Grantor	Sport Ireland
Sponsoring Government Department	Department of Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport & Media
Grant Programme	2022 Sport Ireland Targeted Equipment (SITE) Capital Grant
Total Grant Received	€50,068
Term	1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022
Reflected in 2022	€0
Deferred Capital Grant	€50,068
Capital Grant	Yes
Grantor	Sport Ireland
Sponsoring Government Department	Department of Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport & Media
Grant Programme	Disability Supports Club Fund
Total Grant Received	€16,000
Term	1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022
Reflected in 2022	€0
Deferred Grant Income	€16,000
Capital Grant	No

16. Status

The liability of the members is limited.

Every member of the company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of its being wound up while they are members, or within one year thereafter, for the payment of the debts and liabilities of the company contracted before they ceased to be members, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributors among themselves, such amount as may be required, not exceeding € 2.

17. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 December 2022.

18. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

19. Cash and cash equivalents	2022	2021
	€	€
Cash and bank balances	<u>474,505</u>	<u>247,494</u>

20. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on

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IRISH CANOE UNION T/A CANOEING IRELAND CLG

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

NOT COVERED BY THE AUDITORS REPORT

THE FOLLOWING PAGES DO NOT FORM PART OF THE AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
TRADING STATEMENT
for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

Schedule	2022 €	2021 €
Other Income		
Membership fees	112,812	113,170
Sponsorships	17,275	50,000
Project income	15,881	3,432
Training courses and miscellaneous income	121,294	112,345
Liffey Descent income	-	13,515
Olympic Federation of Ireland - HP	7,000	-
Covid 19 Subsidies	-	81,913
Event Income	31,492	-
Discipline income	15,926	13,540
Deferred Capital Grant released	43,617	13,302
Sport Ireland Income		
Sport Ireland - Core Grant	310,000	275,000
Sport Ireland - Covid Supports Resumption of Sport & Physical Activity	156,558	-
Sport Ireland - Energy Support Grant	2,500	-
Sport Ireland - High Performance Grant	216,667	70,600
Sport Ireland - Tokyo Support Grant	-	10,600
Sport Ireland - European Week of Sport	20,000	20,000
Sport Ireland - Special Projects Grant	6,567	33,433
Sport Ireland - Corporate Governance Grant	5,000	10,000
Sport Ireland - Impact Funding Grant	39,868	22,632
Sport Ireland - Carding grant	20,000	-
Sport Ireland - Club Resilience Funding	-	18,000
Sport Ireland - Women in Sport Grant	64,428	49,299
Sport Ireland - Dormant Accounts Funding	134,078	59,463
	<u>1,340,963</u>	<u>970,244</u>
Overhead expenses	<u>(1,334,231)</u>	<u>(911,857)</u>
Net surplus	<u><u>6,732</u></u>	<u><u>58,387</u></u>

Irish Canoe Union T/A Canoeing Ireland CLG
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SCHEDULE 1 : OVERHEAD EXPENSES
for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

	2022	2021
	€	€
Administration Expenses		
Wages and salaries	447,522	390,235
Social welfare costs	47,916	22,415
Staff defined contribution pension costs	12,181	8,635
Board and executive expenses	1,697	740
Project expenditure	94,386	4,819
Training courses	16,935	10,828
Training centre Expenses	15,589	13,887
Certificates	1,232	2,142
Liffey Descent	4,495	34,037
International competitions	22,237	16,315
Discipline expenditure	44,261	28,042
High Performance	334,027	127,543
Club Development	-	18,637
Women in Sport Expenses	46,246	21,006
Diversity and Inclusion Expenses	-	12,174
Events	20,637	-
Rent payable	10,584	7,938
Insurance	41,743	36,766
Light and heat	687	575
Printing, postage and stationery	715	970
Advertising	9,782	4,990
Telephone	4,309	4,160
Computer costs	46,867	33,685
Motor expenses	13,147	5,498
Legal and professional	5,850	27,331
Accountancy	13,998	13,647
Bank charges	4,269	7,628
General expenses	4,359	14,675
Subscriptions	2,581	3,856
Auditor's remuneration	4,264	3,680
Depreciation of tangible assets	61,715	35,003
	<u>1,334,231</u>	<u>911,857</u>